

an act, entitled "An Act concerning the duties of tonnage and Import," and to equalize duties on Prussian vessels and shell companies, provided that upon satisfactory evidence given to the President of the United States, the government of any foreign nation, that so discontinue duties of tonnage and Import, shall

derly belonging to citizens of the United States, or upon the produce, manufactures, or materials imported in the same, from the United States from any foreign country, the President is authorized to issue his proclamation, declaring the foreign discriminating duties of tonnage imposed within the United States, and may be repealed or discontinued, after a specified period of the said foreign nations, and the produce, materials, or manufactures, imported into the United States from the said foreign nations.

from any other foreign country; the said vessels to take effect from the time of such publication; being given to the President of the United States and to continue, as long as the reciprocal exchange of vessels belonging to citizens of the United States, and their cargoes, as afloat, shall continue, and so long as:

And whereas satisfactory evidence has been received by me, from the government of Russia,

Republic of Chile through the official intervention of Señor Don Manuel Marval, accredited to the government, and by extraordinary means, the principal sailors of that Republic, under the authority of the October 18, 1902, that no other higher notice of some kind and impact are imposed on the port of Valparaiso, under penalty of belonging to citizens of the United States, and in the produce, manufactures, and merchandise imported in the name from the United States, from any foreign country whatever, there is no on Chilean ships and their cargoes, to the ports, and under like circumstances.

Now, therefore I, Millard Fillmore, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and proclaim, that so much of the laws and regulations imposing discriminating duties of tonnage upon foreign vessels, as shall be found to be in force and effect within the United States, and shall be suspended and discontinued, in so far as they relate to the vessels of Chile, and the produce, manufactures and merchandise imported into the United States from the same, from Chile, and from any other foreign port, shall be suspended and discontinued, in so far as they relate to the vessels of Chile, and the produce, manufactures and merchandise imported into the United States from the same, from Chile, and from any other foreign port.

country, wherever, the said suspension of trade  
effect from the day above mentioned, and to contin-  
the reform, so long as the reciprocal exemption  
of the vessels of the United States, and the  
two, manufacturer, and merchant, imported  
to Chile in the same, as aforesaid, shall be con-  
ceded on the part of the government of Chile.

Given under my hand at the City of Washing-  
ton this 24th day of November, in the year of

Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty,  
the twenty fifth of the Independence of  
United States.

By the President: WILLARD FILLMORE  
W. S. DENRICK,  
Acting Secretary of State  
No. 3

**A PROCLAMATION.**  
By the President of the United States:  
Whereas, information has been received, that sundry lawless persons, principally persons of color, combined and confederated together, for the purpose of opposing by force the execution of the laws of the United States, did, at Baton, in the State of Louisiana, on the fifteenth of this month, make a violent assault on the Marshal and Deputes Marshal of the said State;

United States, for the district of Massachusetts  
the Court-House, and did overcome the  
officers, and did, by force, rescue from their custody, a person arrested as a fugitive slave, and, at  
and there, a prisoner lawfully held by the  
Marshal or Deputy Marshals of the United States  
and other scandalous outrages did commit, in  
violation of law:

the law was malintended, and those officers  
is violating them brought to immediate and complete  
punishment. I have issued this my Proclamation  
calling on all well-disposed citizens to rally in  
support of the Law of their Country, and regu-  
lar and commanding officers, civil and military,  
and all other persons, civil or military, who shall  
find within the vicinity of this outrage, to be  
aiding and assisting, by all means within their power

in quelling this and other mob eruptions and assisting the Marshal and his Deputies in capturing the above-mentioned prisoners, and I especially direct, that prosecutors be commenced against all persons who shall have been the authors and abettors in or to this flagrant offense, and I do further command, that the District Attorney of the United States, and all other persons concerned in the administration or execution of

Given under my hand, and the seal of the United States, this 18th day of February, 1921.

DAVID WEBSTER, <i>Secretary of State.</i>	MILLARD FILLMORE.
MISCELLANEOUS	
The following beautiful and	

lines were written by Charles Wolfe, the author of the "Burial of Sir John Moore,"—a splendid lyric—considered by Lord Byron (the perfection of English lyrical poetry," surpassing, in his opinion, "Columella's lines on Switzerland, Campbell's Echenlinden, and the finest of Moore's Irish Melodies."

"If I had thought thou couldst have died,  
I might not weep for thee;  
But I forgot, when by thy side,  
That thou couldst mortal be;  
It never through my mind had pass'd,  
The time would e'er be o'er,  
And I on thee couldst look my last.

And thou shouldst smile no more!  
And still, upon that face I look,  
And think 'twill smile again,  
And still the thought I will not brook,  
(That I must look in vain!)  
But when I speak thou dost not say,  
What thou'nd'st ere left'st unsaid:

And I feel as well I may,  
Sweet Mary! thou art dead!  
If thou wouldst stay, e'en as thou art,  
All cold, and all serene—  
I still might press thy silent heart,  
And where thy smiles have been I  
While o'er thy chill, bleak corse I harp

Thou seemest still mine own;  
But there I lay thee in thy grave—  
And I am now alone.

I do not think, where'er thou art,  
Thou hast forgotten me;  
And I, perhaps, may soothe this heart,  
In thinking too of thee:

Yet there was around thee such a dawn  
Of light ne'er seen before,  
As fancy never could have drawn,  
And never can restore."

at that place, at Bangor, and other towns, on the Penobscot, to purchase a new propeller for the outside route to Boston. She will be principally designed for transporting freight, and will commence her trips in a month or two. Capt. William Flowers, recently of Belfast, is to command her.

Passionate society generally has had two faults: first, in being hollow-headed; and secondly, hollow-hearted.











